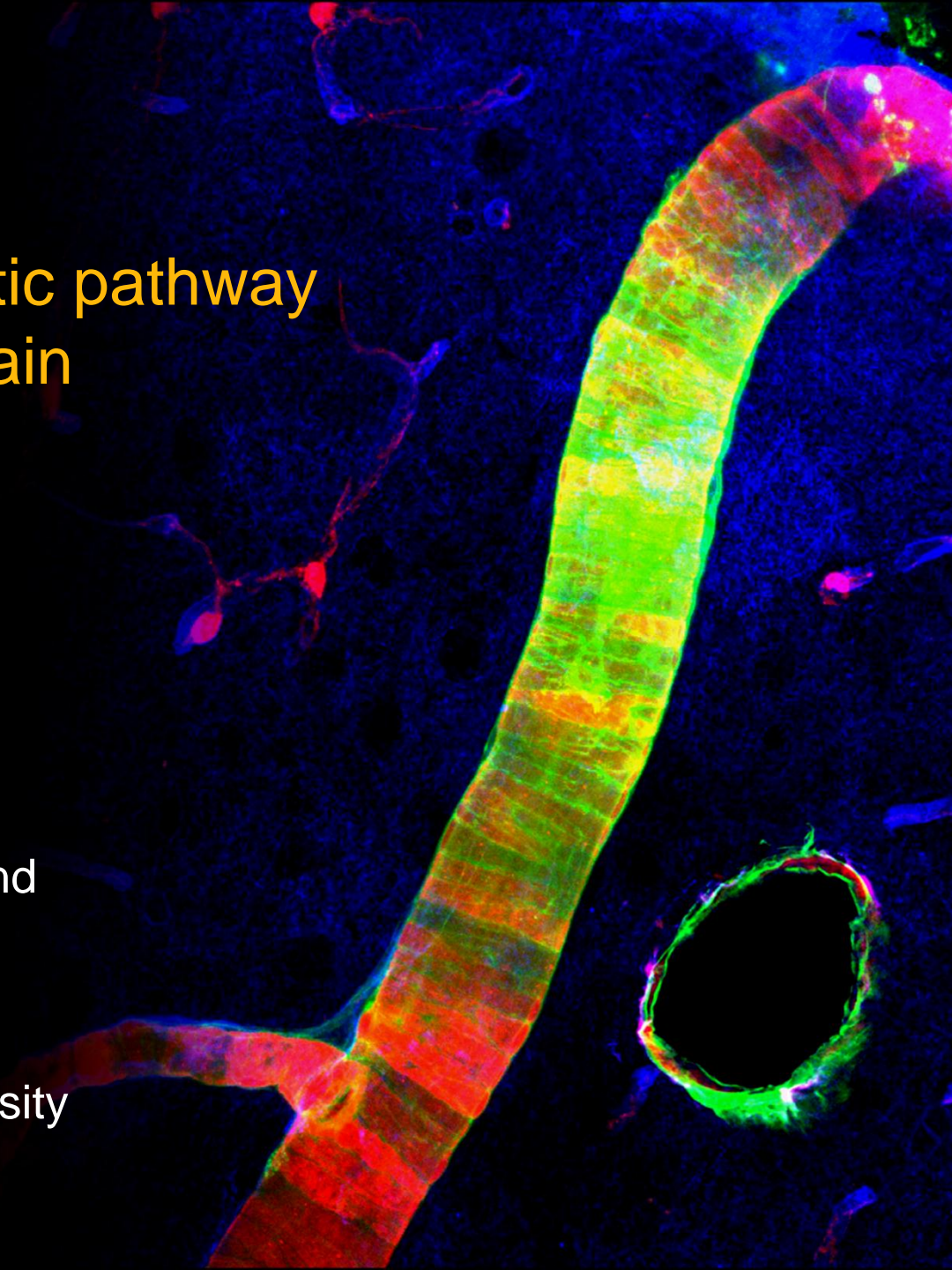


Impairment of glymphatic pathway function in the aging brain

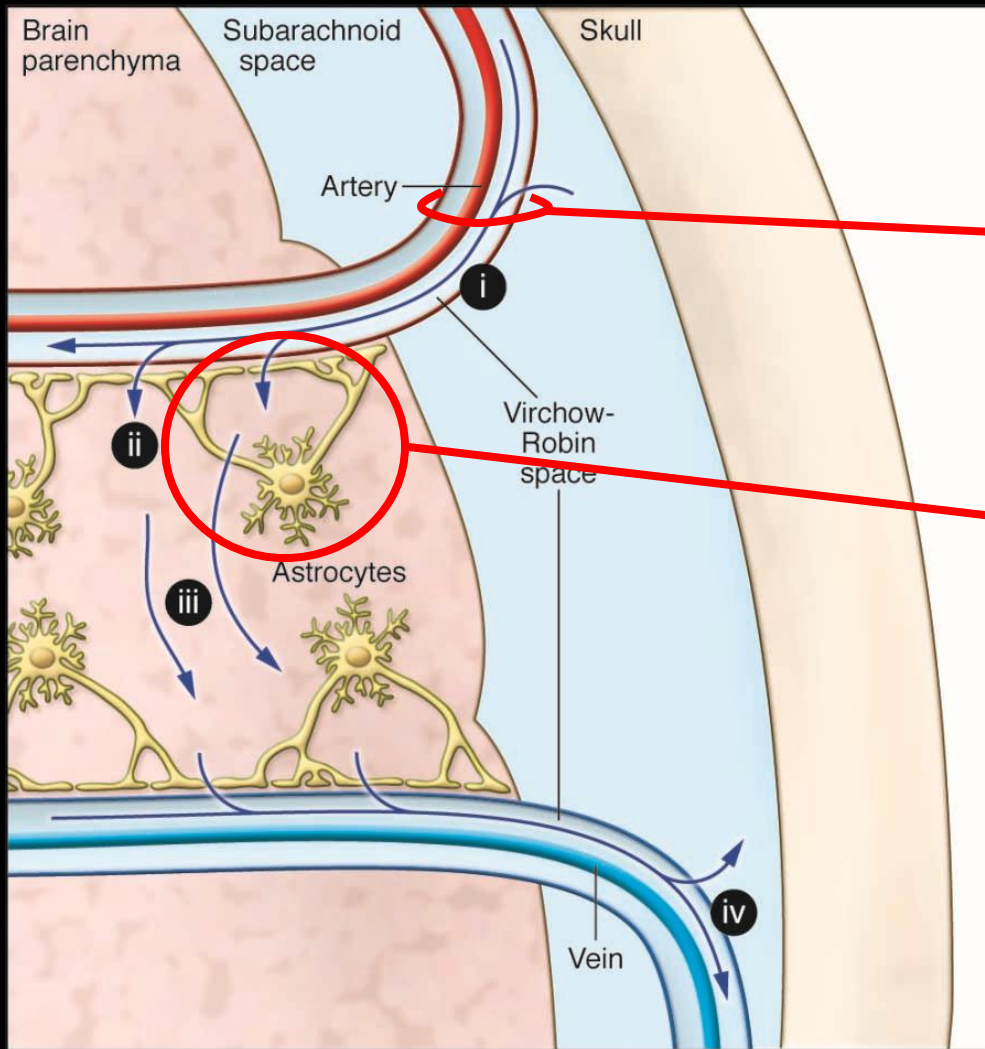
Jeffrey Iliff, PhD

Department of Anesthesiology and
Peri-Operative Medicine
Knight Cardiovascular Institute

Oregon Health & Science University



The 'Glymphatic' Pathway



Paravascular CSF-ISF exchange is a feature of the sleeping brain

Para-arterial CSF influx driven by arterial pulsatility

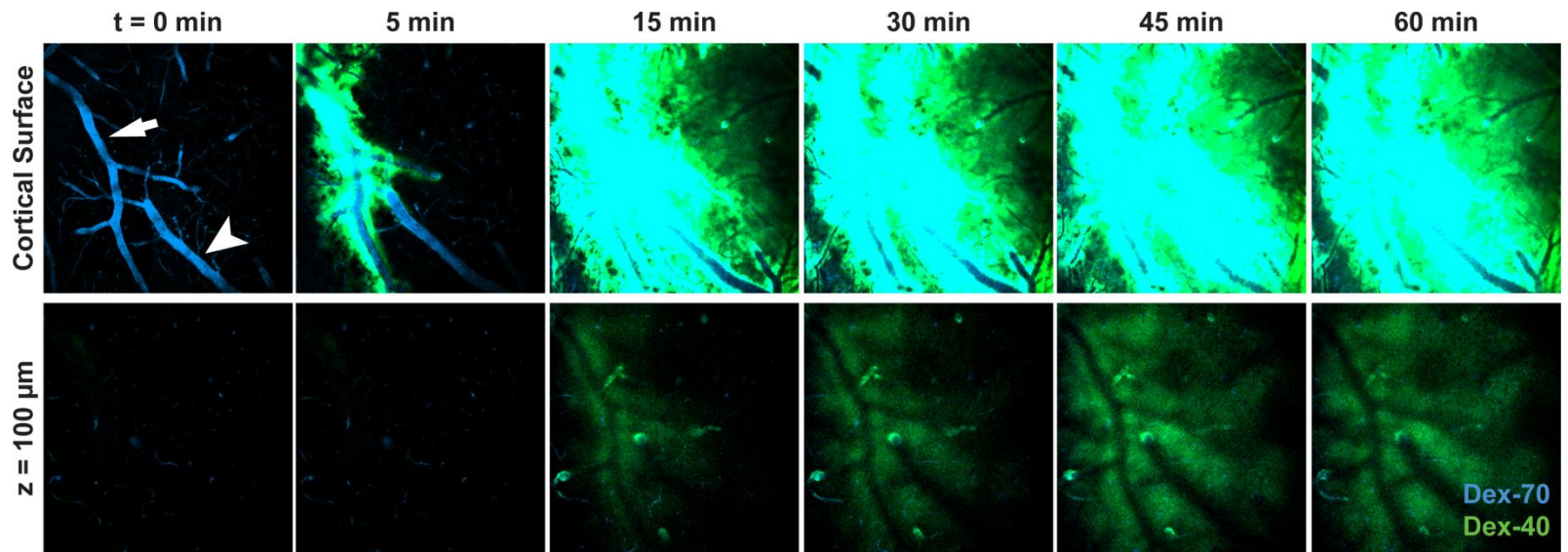
Key role of astrocytes

- Perivascular AQP4
- Regulation of extracellular volume

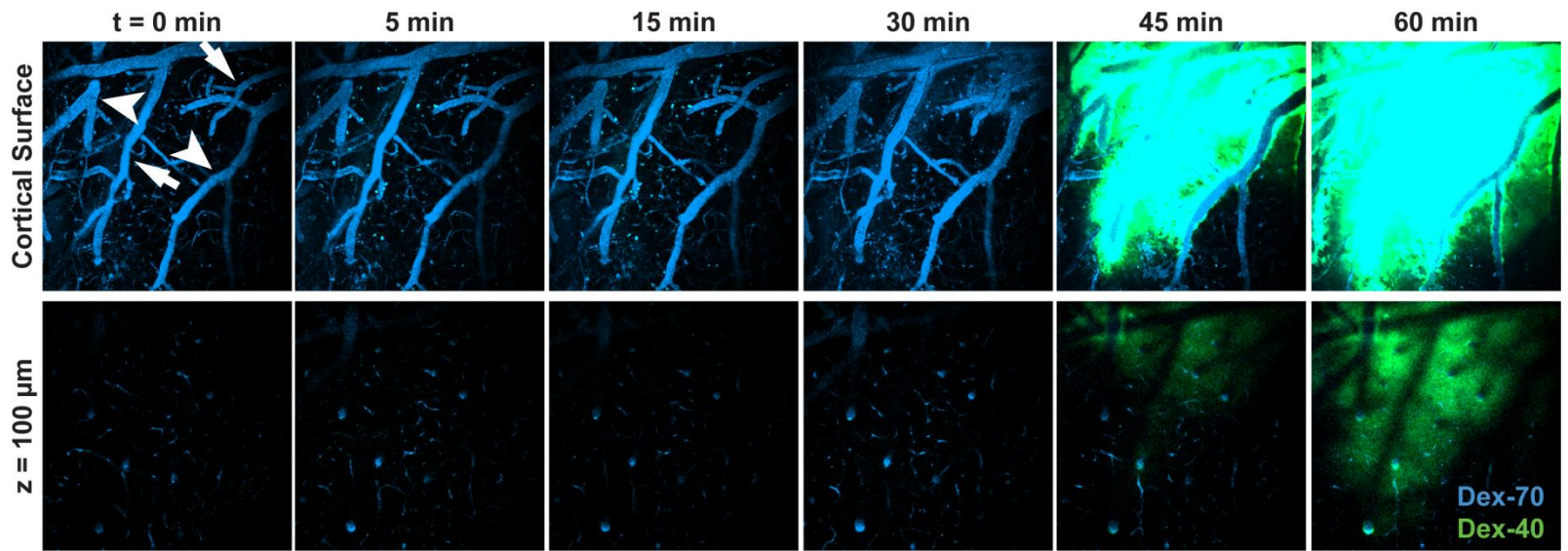
Is glymphatic pathway function compromised in the aging brain?

Paravascular influx is impaired in the aging brain

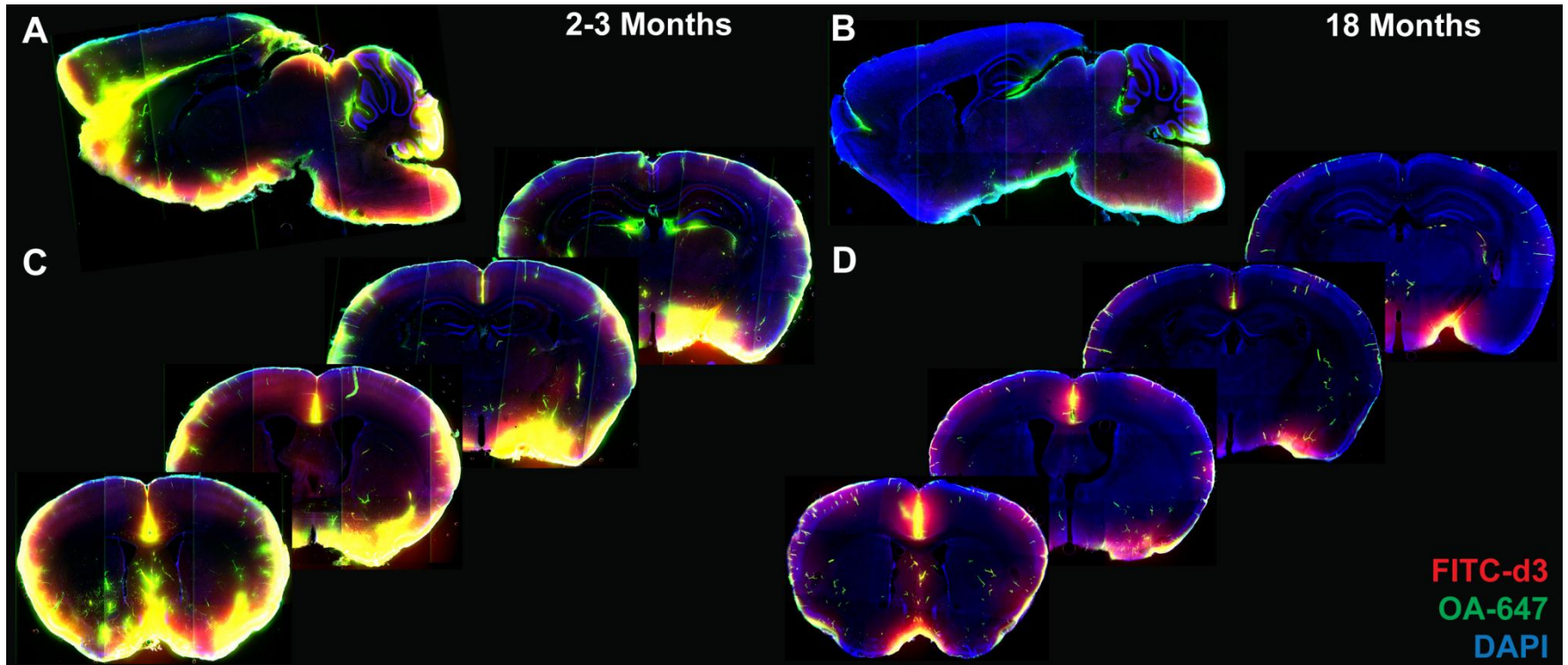
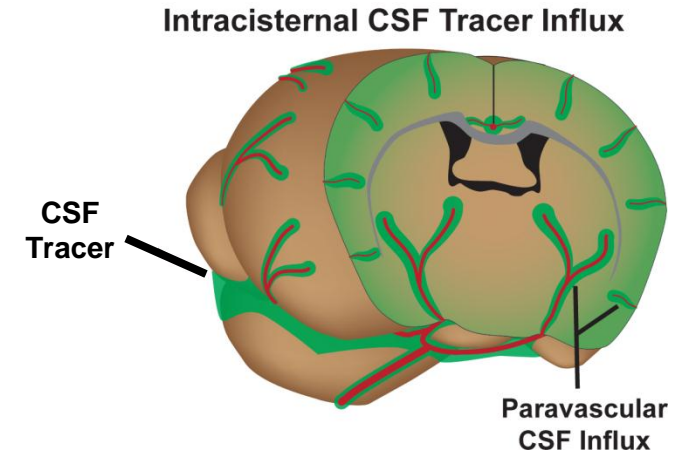
Young (2-3 months)



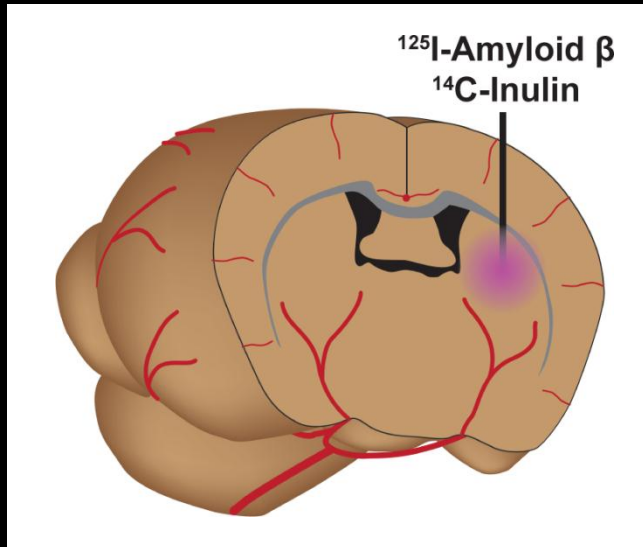
Old (12 months)



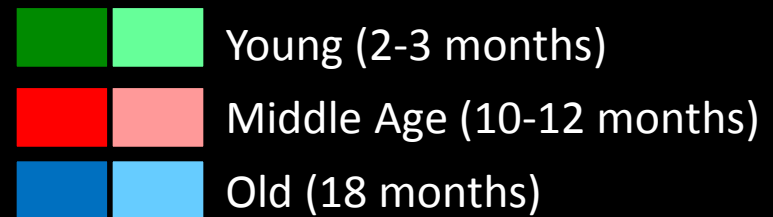
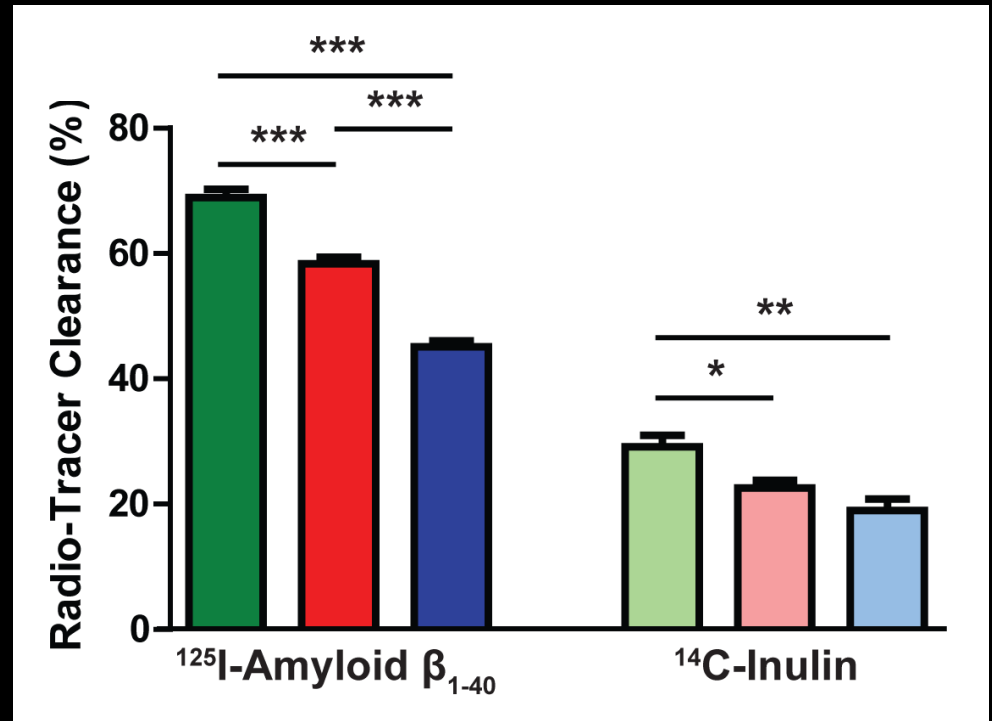
Paravascular influx is impaired in the aging brain

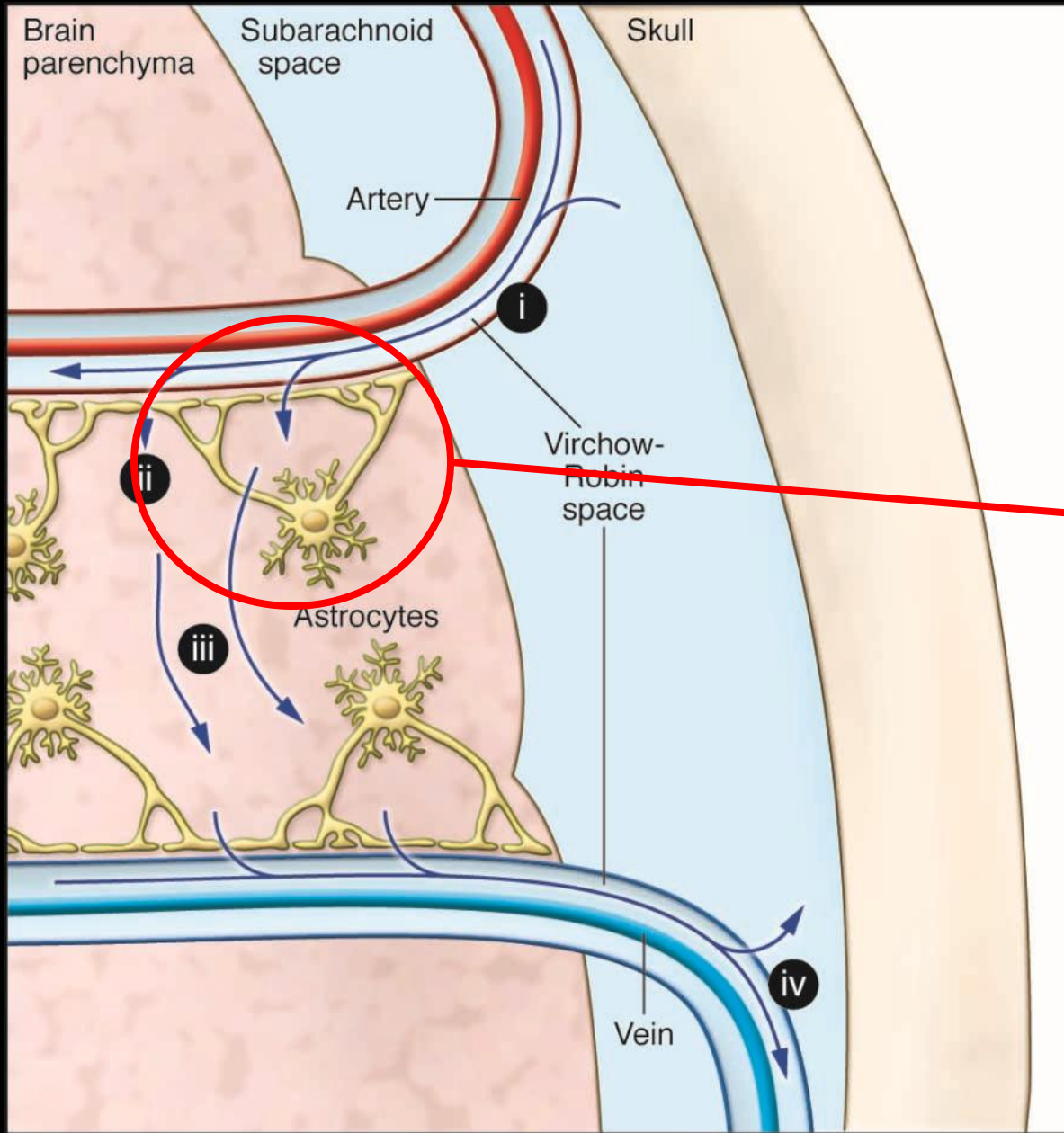


Interstitial solute clearance is impaired in the aging brain

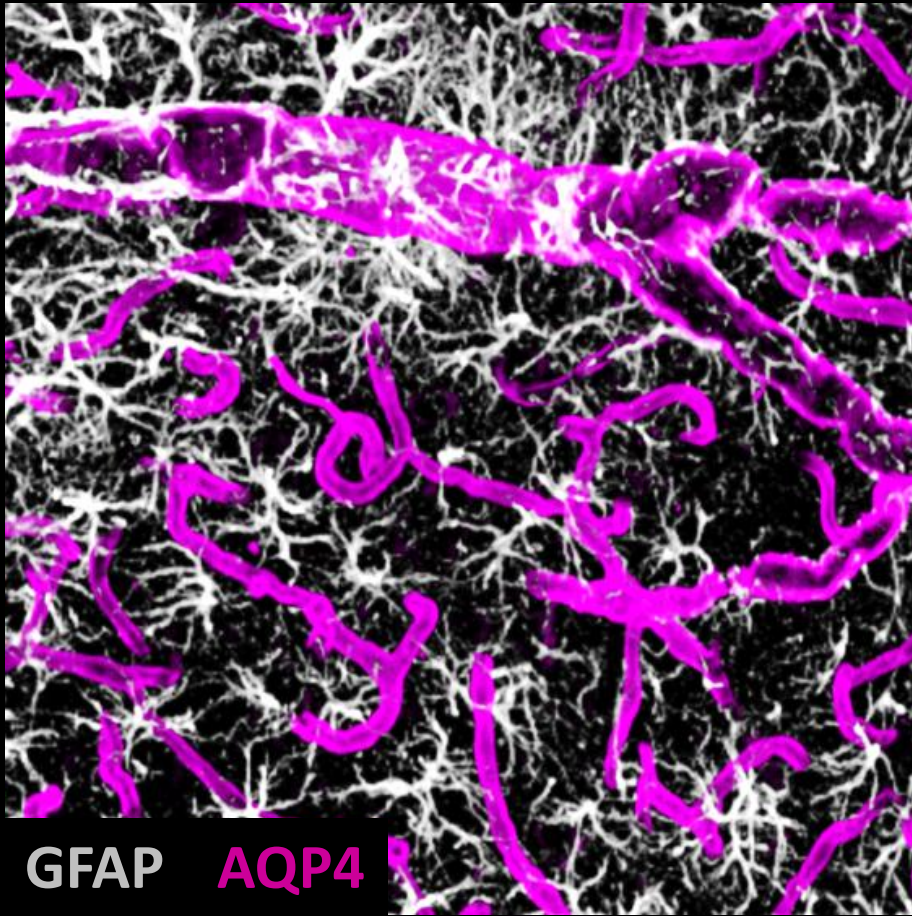


What is the mechanism for impaired para-vascular clearance in the aging brain?





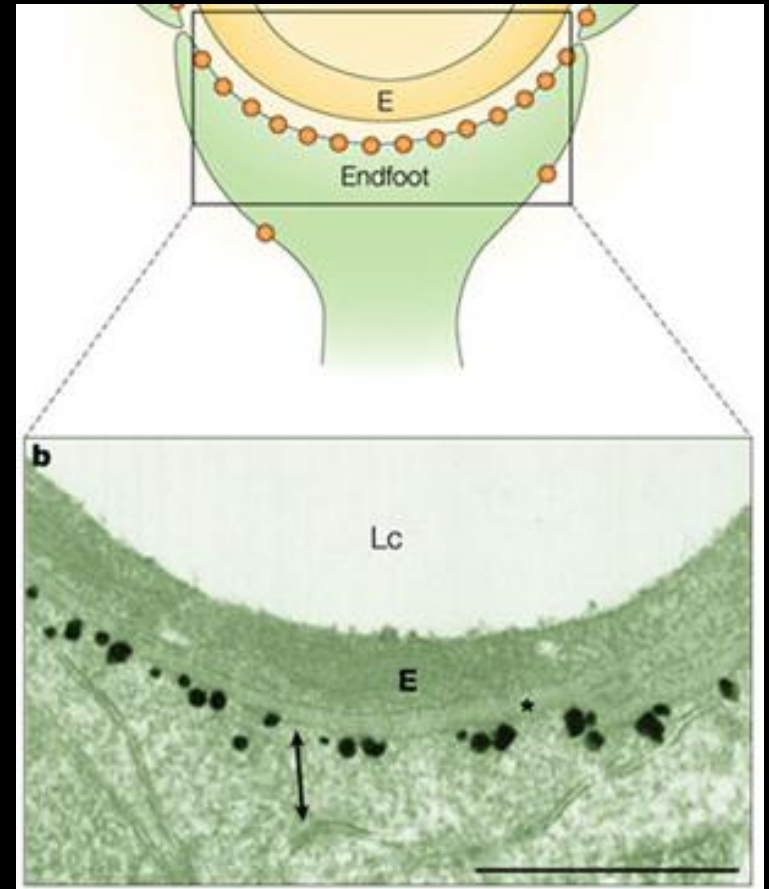
Astrocytes are positioned as gatekeepers to the paravascular spaces



Aquaporin-4

A perivascular astrocytic water channel

From Amiry-Moghaddam and
Ottersen *Nat Rev Neurosci* 2003.

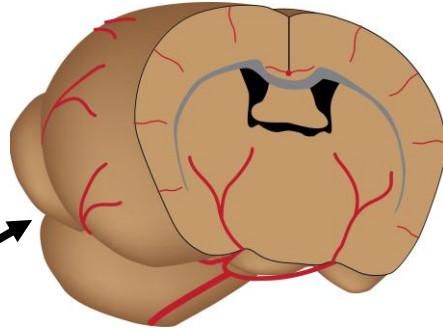


Aqp4 gene deletion reduces CSF influx into the brain parenchyma

CSF Tracers

Ovalbumin-ALEXA647
(45kD)

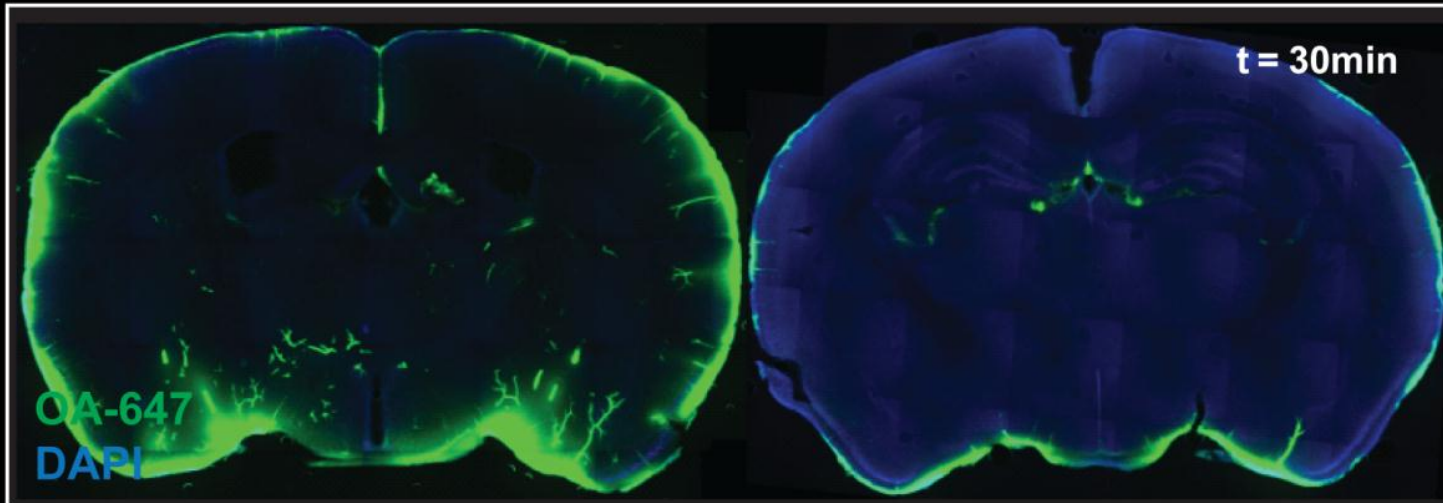
Intracisternal Injection
(Subarachnoid Space)



Wild Type

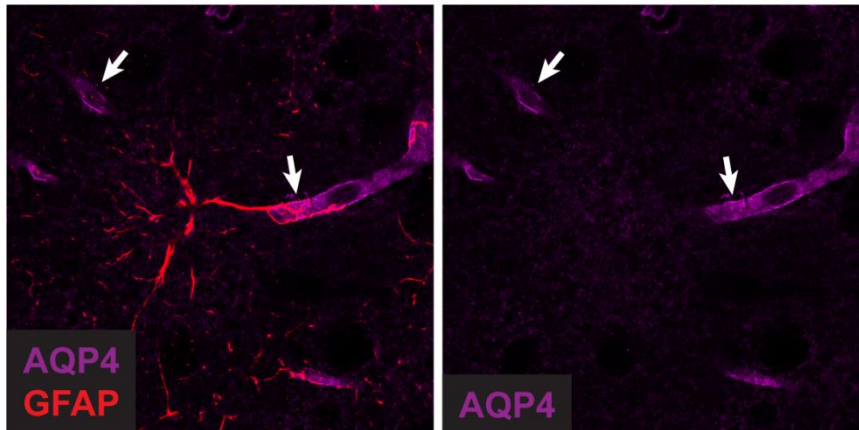
AQP4KO

Ex Vivo Imaging

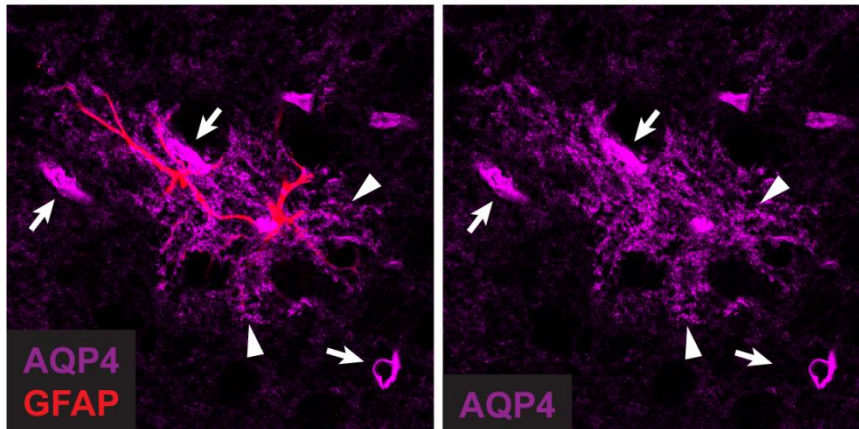


Loss of perivascular AQP4 polarization in the aging mouse brain

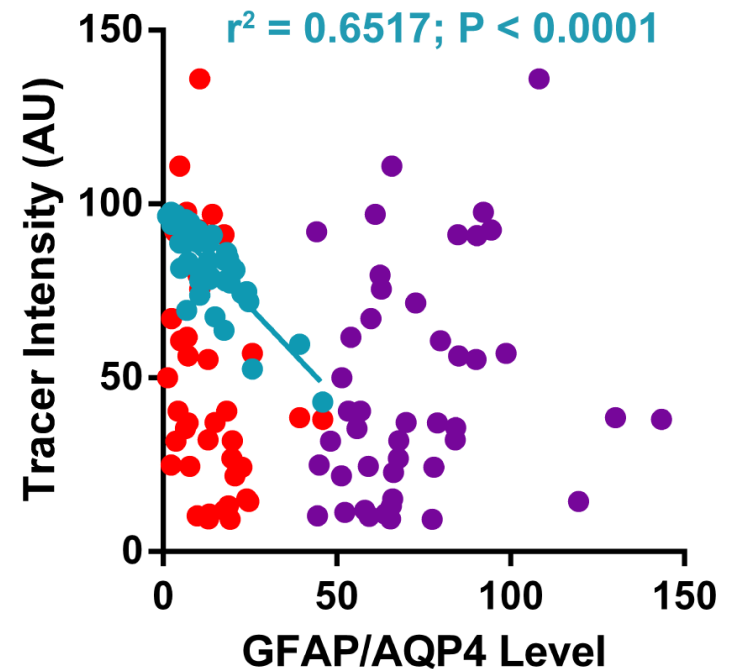
Young (2-3 months)



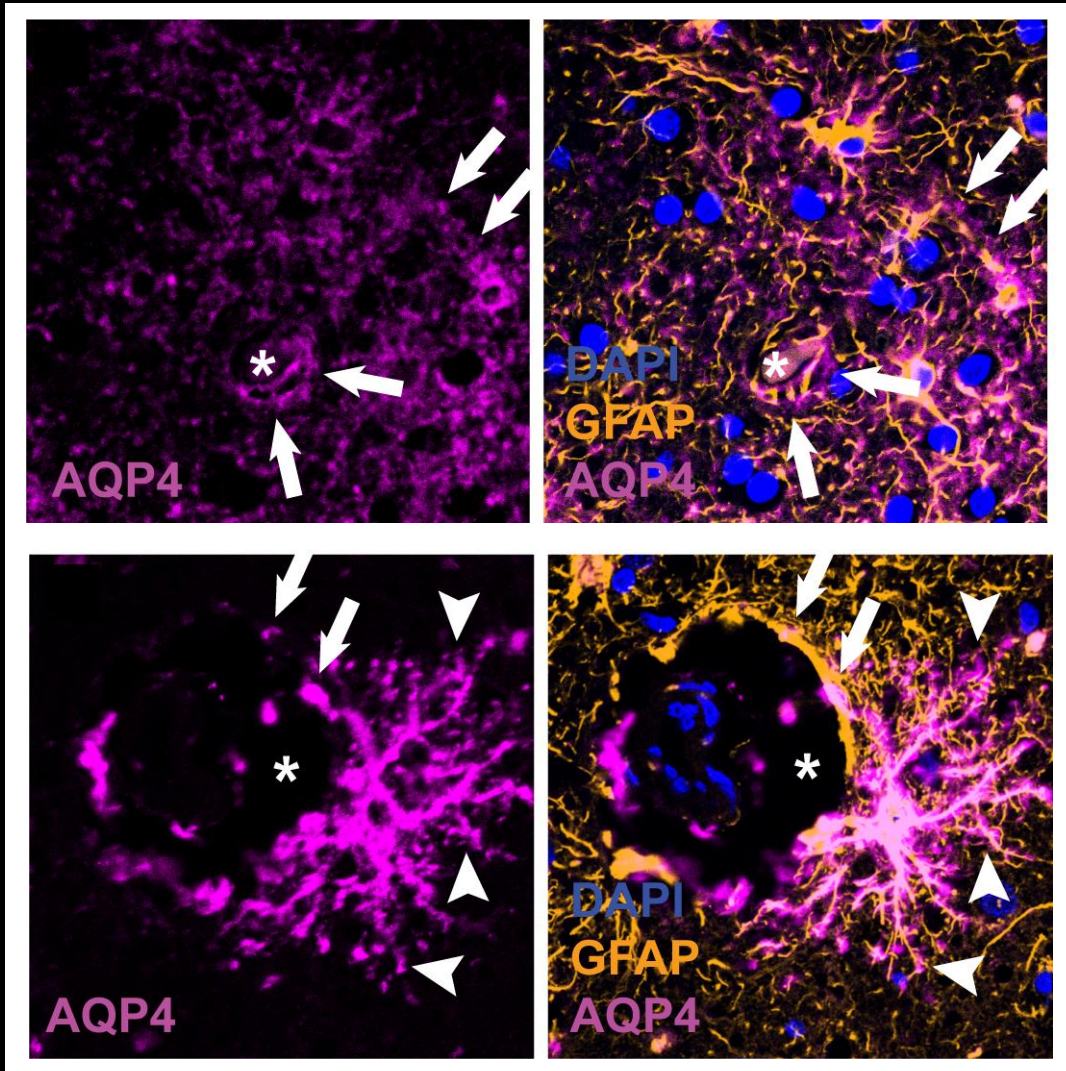
Old (18 months)



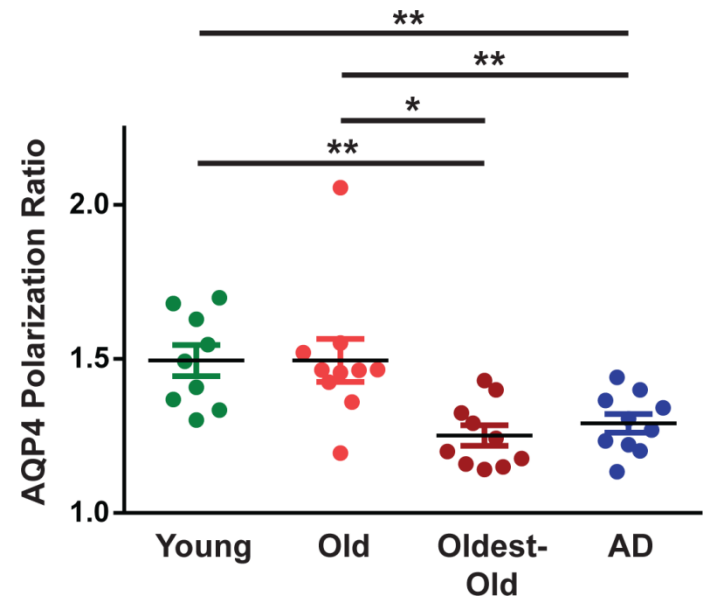
- AQP4 Expression
- AQP4 Polarization
- GFAP Expression



AQP4 polarization is lost in the aging human cortex

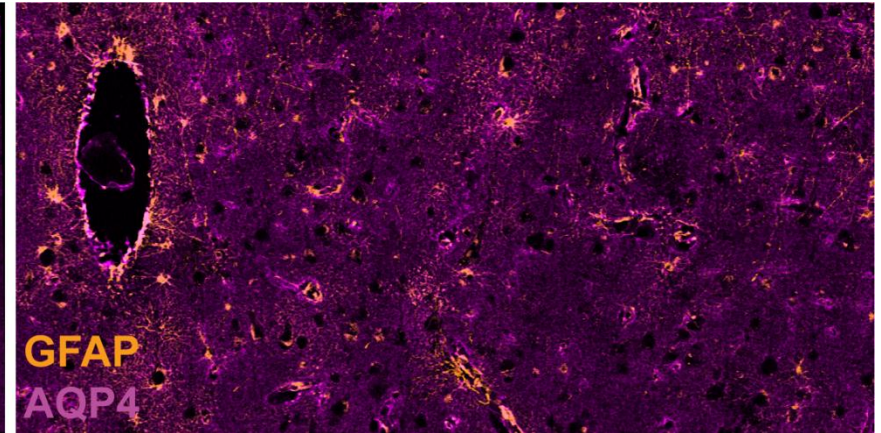
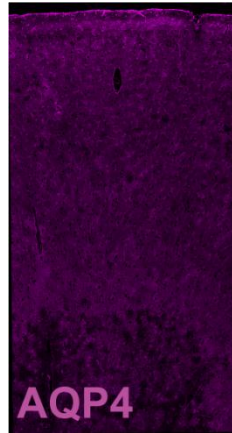


Cortical AQP4 polarization

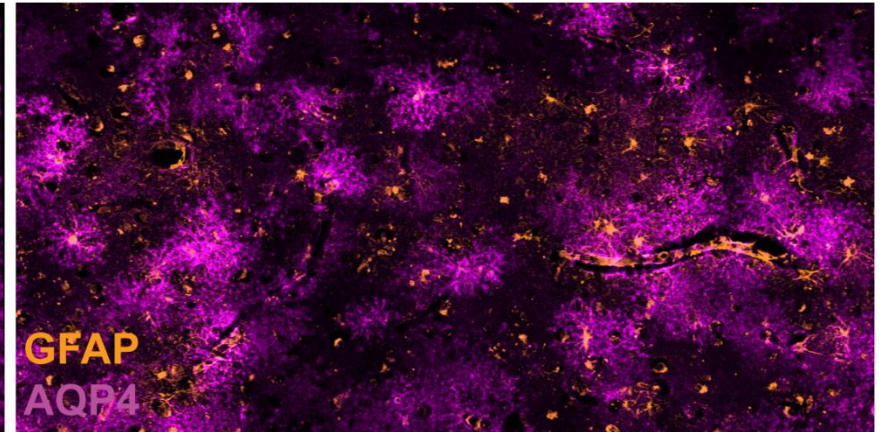
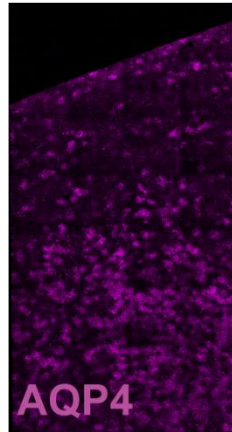


Regional patterns of AQP4 localization in the aging human brain

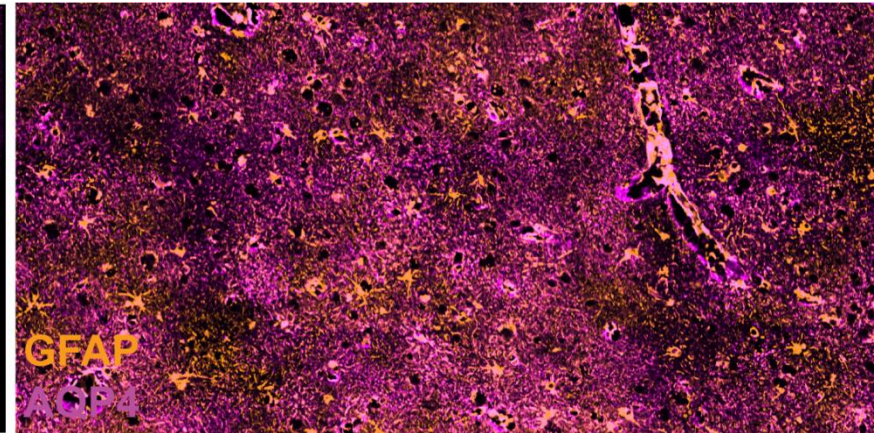
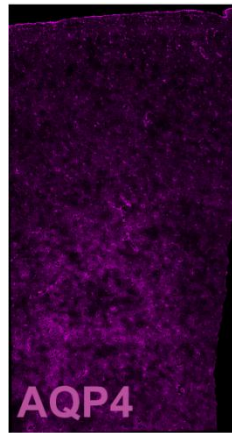
Polarized



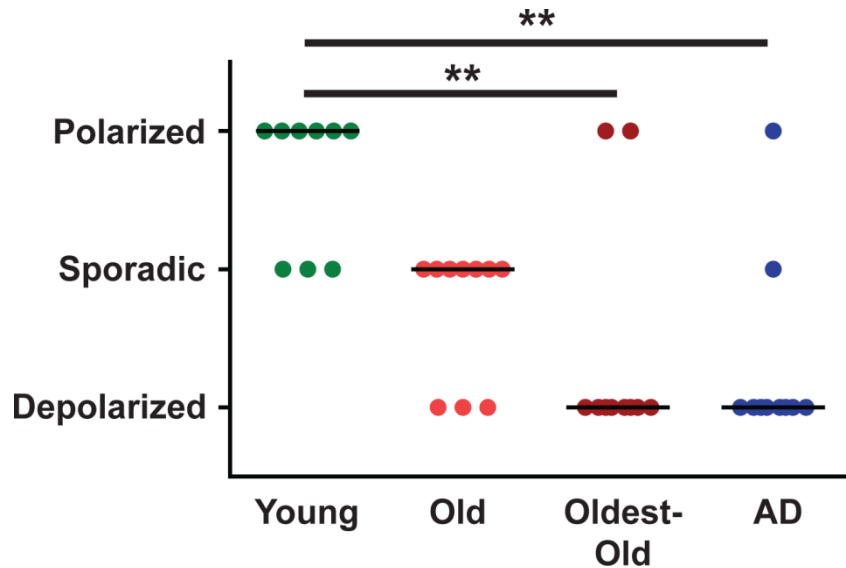
Sporadic



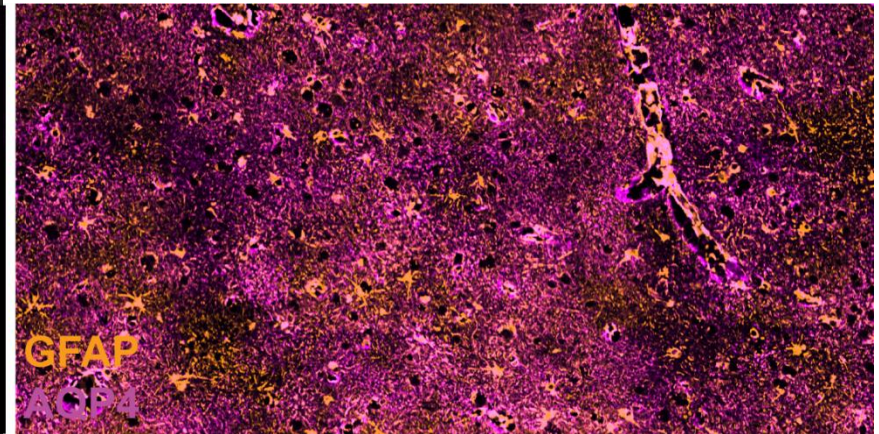
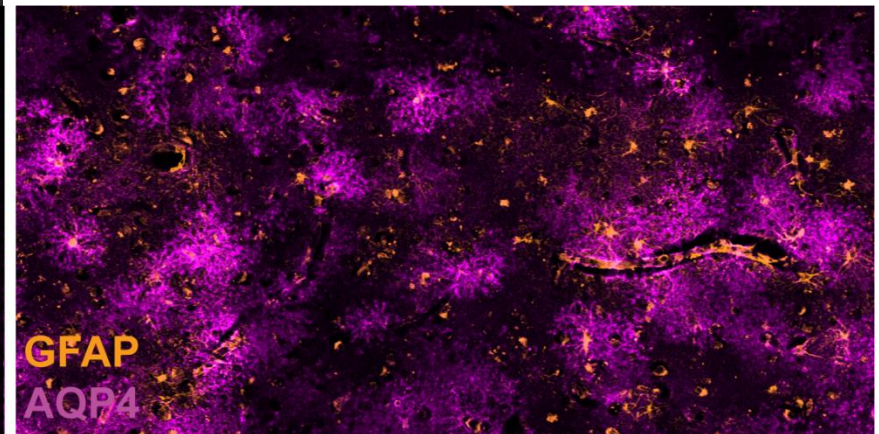
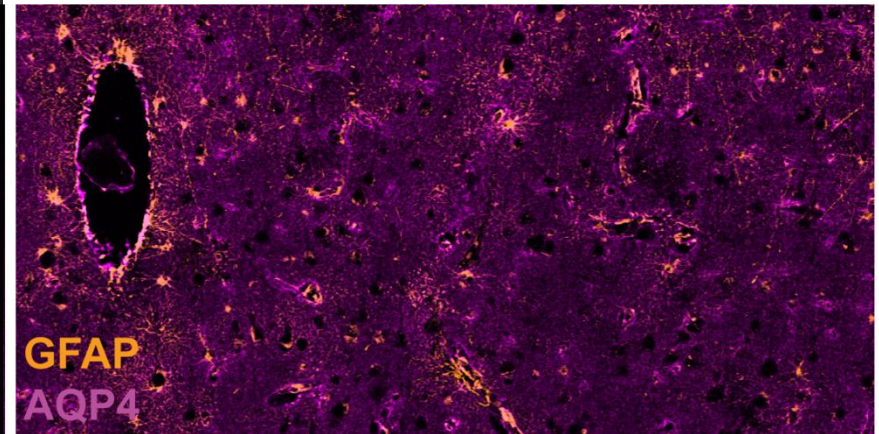
Depolarized



Distribution of AQP4 labeling



AQP4 is mis-localized in the aging human brain and in patients with AD. However patterns of localization are more complex than in rodents.



Things to take away

Paravascular clearance of interstitial solutes

- A feature of the sleeping (and anesthetized) brain
- Key participant in amyloid β clearance
- Driven by arterial pulsation
- Astrocytes are key facilitators (AQP4 and cell volume)

AQP4 localization and glymphatic pathway function are impaired in pathophysiological states

- Aging (slowed amyloid β clearance)
- Traumatic brain injury (slowed tau clearance)
- Diffuse ischemic injury

It seems likely that this contributes to onset and development of pathology in several neurodegenerative states (AD, CTE, others).

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